

DATA SHEET



IFX-M4-E3



IFX-M4-E3_D_E_2019_39_REV.1

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SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Before operating the meter, this Technical Description and the User Manual must be read and their instructions must be observed.

• When the meter is powered from a battery (3.6 V), the risk to safe operation is posed only by the heat carrier, which may have a pressure of up to 2.5 MPa and a temperature of up to 130 °C.

• When the meter is powered from the mains (230 V), an additional risk is posed by lifethreatening alternating current. The meter must be installed and maintained in accordance with the requirements of the Safety Regulations related to the Operation of Electrical Installations.

• Meters can be installed and maintained only by specialists who have required qualifications (to work with electrical installations of up to 1000 V) and permits, are familiar with the technical documentation for the heat meter, and have received instruction briefing on work safety.

• No protective grounding is provided for because the housing of the electronic unit complies with the requirements of Protection Class II.

- Unauthorised dismantling or repair of the device is prohibited.
- Safety guarantees at installation and service of meter is:
 - Reliable insulation of electrical circuits,
 - Hermetic fitting of primary flow and temperature sensors into the pipeline,
 - Reliable fastening of sub-assemblies of heat meter at installation.
- The repair, replacement, connection, and disconnection of the sub-assemblies of the meter may only be possible after disconnecting from the mains (when the electronic unit is powered from 230 V mains) and having made sure that there is neither pressure nor heat carrier in the pipeline.
- When the meter is powered from 230 V mains:

- Meter is connected to 230 V mains by a double-wire copper cable with a diameter of 2×0.25 mm² (a non-detachable cable is included in the supply package of the meter).

- Meter should be connected to 230 V mains through a single-pole automatic 1A alternating current switch.

- Automatic switch should be a part of the installation of the building. The automatic switch should be marked as a meter disconnecting device and should be installed near the meter in a position easily accessible by the meter servicing operator.

The meter and its parts should be installed so that not to hinder the use of the automatic switch.

It is recommended that the switches for disconnecting power supply be installed in the same cabinet and adapted to the power used by the device.

- Operating conditions:
 - ambient temperature
 humidity

from +5 °C to +55 °C; up to 93%.

<u>Caution</u>: If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired!





1 APPLICATION FIELD

The ultrasonic heating and cooling energy meter IFX-M4-E3 (hereinafter referred to as "the meter") is designed to measure the consumption of heating and cooling energy and record data in two separate registers. It is used in individual or district heating facilities (residential buildings, enterprises, organisations, or supply facilities, etc.) for the commercial metering of consumed energy where water is the heat carrier.

This is a compact microprocessor meter for mounting optionally either at the supply or return heat exchange circulation system with permanently connected temperature sensors. The meter complies with the requirements of Annex 1, Annex MI004 to the Technical Regulation on Measuring Instruments and harmonised standards LST EN 1434 - Heat meters (LST EN 1434-1:2016, LST EN 1434-2:2016, LST EN 1434-3:2016, LST EN 1434-4:2016, LST EN 1434-5:2016). The meter meets the requirements of Environmental Class C according to LST EN1434-1:2016.

Climatic environmental conditions: Temperature range: from 5 °C to 55 °C;

Humidity: condensing, Location: closed,

Mechanical environment class: M1 Electromagnetic environment class: E2

1.1 Meter order code structure (underlined the ISOIL's standard):

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	k	(L	Ν	1	Ν	C)	Р		Q	R		S	т	
IFX	- M	E3 '	- MR -	ς Ω	ND '	D '	⊢	- 2	· Z	· •	н ,	₽	· .	н ·	⊢	· •	- ·	≥	ı.	7	z	i.	0	- 0	
	۵)	FAMIL	Υ ΝΔΜ	F																					
	Α,		IFX	-																					
	B)	MID O																							
			<u>M4= n</u>																						
	-		M0= w			pprova	al																		
	C)	COMM						、																	
	D)		E3 (ur					e)																	
	U)	PURP	HEAT					10																	
			HEAT																						
			MIXED					•																	
			MIXED																						
	E)	RATIO			TURE	DIFF	ERE		LIMI	Г															
			R 100					= 1																	
			R 250					= 2																	
			<u>R 100</u>					= 3																	
	E)	a. SIZE	R 250	/3K	STAN	JARD		= 4	4																
	• ,		G3/4"	- 110	-06-	- 11		=	11																
			G3/4"						12																
			G3/4"					=	15																
		d.	G1" 13	30 – 1	,5 – 21			=	21																
			G1" - '						20																
			G 1" -						31																
			G1 – 1						33																
			DN20 DN20						17 22																
		i. j.							22 25																
			G1 1/4		,				23 32																
		l.							42																
		m.	G1 1/2						46																
			G2" - '					=	40																
		0.	DN20	- 190	- 1 - 3	34		=	34																

	n	DN20 - 190 - 2,5 - 38 = 38	
	р. q.	DN20 - 190 - 2,3 - 36 = 36 DN25 - 260 - 3,5 - 43 = 43	
	ч. r.	DN25 - 260 - 6 - 47 = 47	
	s.	DN40 - 300 - 10 - 52 = 41	
	t.	DN50 - 270 - 15 - 61 = 50	
	u.	DN65 - 300 - 25 - 71 (Brass Body) = 65	
	V.	DN80BB - 300 - 40 - 81 (Brass Body) = 80	
	w.		
G)	COMN		
	а.	NONE = N	
	b.	M-BUS = M	
	C.	RF MODULE 868MHZ = F	
	d.	M-BUS AND RF 868MHZ = D	
H)	POWE	R SUPPLY	
	а.	INTERNAL BATTERY (ONE) = I	
	b.	EXTERNAL POWER SUPPLY 24Vac = E	
		MAINS SUPPLY 230VAC = M	
N		INTERNAL BATTERIES (TWO) = T	
I)		E LENGTH	
		$\frac{1,2m}{2.5m} = 1$	
	b.	2,5m = 2 5,0m = 3	
J)	С. ЕУТР /		
3)	a.	$\frac{NONE}{NONE} = N$	
	а. b.	MBUS = M	
	с.	MODBUS = B	
K)		ASS/NOMINAL PRESSURE	
,	a.	IP65/PN16 = 1	
		IP67/PN16 = 2	
	C.	IP68/PN16 = 3	
	d.	IP65/PN25 = 4	
	e.	IP67/PN25 = 5	
	f.	IP68/PN25 = 6	
L)	TEMPI	ERATURE AND EXTRA INPUTS/OUTPUTS	
	a.	090°C WITHOUT EXTRA INPUTS/OUTPUTS	= NN
		090°C WITH EXTRA INPUTS/OUTPUTS	= NY
	C.	0130°C WITHOUT EXTRA INPUTS/OUTPUTS	= HN
8.41	d.	0130°C WITH EXTRA INPUTS/OUTPUTS	= HY
IVI)			
		ERATURES CABLES	
	a. h	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1	
	b.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2	
	b. c.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25	
	b. c. d.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 $2m = 2$ $2,5m = 25$ $3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3$	
	b. c.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard)= 1 $2m$ = 2 $2,5m$ =25 $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard)=3 $5m$ = 5	
N)	b. c. d. e. f.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard)= 1 $2m$ = 2 $2,5m$ =25 $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard)=3 $5m$ = 5 $10m$ =10	
N)	b. c. d. e. f.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard)= 1 $2m$ = 2 $2,5m$ =25 $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard)=3 $5m$ = 5	
N)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 $2m$ = 2 $2,5m$ = 25 $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 $5m$ = 5 $10m$ = 10 IGURATION PROFILE = 10	
-	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) $= 1$ $2m$ $= 2$ $2,5m$ $= 25$ $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) $= 3$ $5m$ $= 5$ $10m$ $= 10$ IGURATION PROFILE $= 5$ STANDARD $= 5$	
-	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) $= 1$ $2m$ $= 2$ $2,5m$ $= 25$ $3m$ (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) $= 3$ $5m$ $= 5$ $10m$ $= 10$ IGURATION PROFILE $= 10$ STANDARD $= S$ WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE $= T$ GY MEASUREMENT UNIT $0,001MWh$ $= 1$	
-	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a.	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
-	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a. b. c.	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
0)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a. b. c. d.	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
0)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a. b. c. d. HEAT	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
0) P)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a. b. c. d. HEAT a.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W	
0) P)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. c. d. HEAT a. TEMP	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W ERATURE SENSOR TYPE	
0) P)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. c. d. HEAT a. TEMP a.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W ERATURE SENSOR TYPE DS with plastic nut (standard, up to DN25 qp 3.5)	= 1
O) P) Q)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. c. d. HEAT A. HEAT A. ENER d. b. C. d. b. c. d. b. c. d. b. c. d. b. c. f. ENER A. b. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W ERATURE SENSOR TYPE DS with plastic nut (standard, up to DN25 qp 3.5) PL (from DN25 qp 6.0)	
O) P) Q)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. ENER a. b. C. d. HEAT a. ENER d. b. HEAT a. b. MOUN	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W ERATURE SENSOR TYPE DS with plastic nut (standard, up to DN25 qp 3.5) PL (from DN25 qp 6.0) ITING SET FOR TEMPERATURE	= 1 = 2
O) P) Q)	b. c. d. e. f. CONF a. b. c. d. HEAT A. HEAT A. ENER d. b. C. d. b. c. d. b. c. d. b. c. d. b. c. f. ENER A. b. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.	1,5m (if DN<40 or G1 1/4 standard) = 1 2m = 2 2,5m = 25 3m (if DN>40 or G11/4 standard) = 3 5m = 5 10m = 10 IGURATION PROFILE STANDARD = S WITH TURNED OFF TRANSPORT MODE = T GY MEASUREMENT UNIT 0,001MWh = 1 0,001GJ = 2 0,001Gcal = 3 1kWh = 4 CARRIER WATER = W ERATURE SENSOR TYPE DS with plastic nut (standard, up to DN25 qp 3.5) PL (from DN25 qp 6.0)	= 1





c. PROTECTIVE SOCKETS (FOR PL TYPE SENSORS) = P

- S) MOUNTING SET FOR FLOW SENSOR
 - a. <u>NOT INCLUDED = 0</u>
 - b. THREADED WITH GASKET = 1
 - c. FOR WELDING WITH GASKET = 2
 - d. FLANGES WITH GASKET = 3 e. ONLY GASKET = 4
- T) FREE
 - a. FREE = 0

2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2.1. Energy measurement

Accuracy class: Energy measurement units: Maximum value of thermal power: 2 according to LST EN1434-1:2016. kWh; MWh; GJ; Gcal 5.28 MW

2.2. Flow measurement

Ratio of the permanent flow rate to the lower limit of the flowrate (selectable by the user): $q_p/q_i = 100$,

or $q_p/q_i = 250$ (only for sensors with $q_p = 1.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$; 2.5 m³/h; 6.0 m³/h; 15 m³/h; 25 m³/h; 40 m³/h; 60 m³/h) The technical data of the flow sensor are provided in Table 1.1.

11	Table
	rabic

1.1 18		-				
Permanent flow rate q _P , m ³ /h	Upper flowrate q₅, m³/h	Lower flow-rate q _i , m ³ /h	Threshold value of flow rate, m ³ /h	Length of the flow sensor L, mm	Pressure losses at q _p , kPa	Joining to the pipeline (Thread – G, flange–DN)
0.6	1.2	0.006	0.003	110	7	G3/4"
0.6	1.2	0.006	0.003	190	0.9	G1"or DN20
1	2	0.01	0.005	110	11.3	G3/4"
1	2	0.01	0.005	190	2.5	G1"or DN20
1.5	3	0.006	0.003	110; 165	17.1	G3/4"
1.5	3	0.006	0.003	190	5.8	G1"or DN20
1.5	3	0.015	0.003	110; 165	17.1	G3/4"
1.5	3	0.015	0.003	190	5.8	G1"or DN20
1.5	3	0.015	0.005	130	7.2	G1"
2.5	5	0.01	0.005	130	19.8	G1"
2.5	5	0.01	0.005	190	9.4	G1"or DN20
2.5	5	0.025	0.005	130	19.8	G1"
2.5	5	0.025	0.005	190	9.4	G1"or DN20
3.5	7	0.035	0.017	260	4	G1 1/4", G1 1/2", DN25
						or DN32
6	12	0.024	0.012	260	10	G1 1/4", G1 1/2", DN25
						or DN32
6	12	0.06	0.012	260	10	G1 1/4", G1 1/2", DN25
						or DN32
10	20	0.04	0.02	300	18	G2"or DN40
10	20	0.1	0.02	300	18	G2"or DN40
15	30	0.06	0.03	270	12	DN50
15	30	0.15	0.03	270	12	DN50
25	50	0.1	0.05	300	20	DN65
25	50	0.25	0.05	300	20	DN65
40	80	0.16	0.08	300	18	DN80
40	80	0.4	0.08	300	18	DN80
60	120	0.24	0.12	360	18	DN100
60	120	0.6	0.12	360	18	DN100

If the flow-rate exceeds the maximum value qs:

– when the flow-rate < $1.2 \cdot q_s$, the flow-rate measurement and calculations are continued;

- when the flow-rate > $1.2 \cdot q_s$, calculations are performed using flow-rate value $1.2 \cdot q_s$, the error "exceeded maximum flow-rate" is recorded and the duration of that error is calculated.

2.3. Pulse inputs (additional)

 the number of pulse inputs: 	2
- indicated units:	m ³
– pulse value:	programmable
 input pulse types: 	IB according to LST EN1434-2
 maximum permissible frequency of input pulses: 	3 Hz
 maximum permissible voltage of input pulses: 	3.6 V
 – condition of maintenance of high level: 	3.6 V through 3.3 MΩ resistor

if the meter is ordered with the pulse input-output function, then a permanently connected 1.5m long cable is fitted in the meter for connecting the inputs-outputs.

2.4. Temperature measurement

Temperature measuring range:	0 °C − 90°C.
(Custom-made:	0 °C − 130°C)
Temperature difference measuring range:	2 – 70 K or 3 – 70 K
(Custom-made:	2– 110 K or 3 – 110 K)

Temperature sensor design:

DS type according to LST EN1434-2 (when the flow sensor connection type is G3/4, G1 or G11/4), PL type according to LST EN1434-2 (for other flow sensor connection types). Connected cable length: up to 10 m.

2.5. Display

A liquid crystal, 8-digit display for the representation of the values of the indicated parameter and for the representation of parameters, units of measurement, and operating modes with special symbols. Integral and instantaneous measured parameters as well as data read from the meter archive and configuration information specified in Paragraph 6.3 are displayed. Energy measurement units (selectable by the user when installing): kWh, MWh, Gcal, or GJ Resolution of energy indicators (selectable by the user when installing): 0000000.1 kWh,

00000001 kWh, 00000.001 MWh (Gcal or GJ) 000000.01 MWh (Gcal or GJ)

Resolution of flow-rate indicators: 00000.001 m³ In the case of battery discharge or disconnection, all integral readings and archive data shall be saved for at least 15 years and can be accessed by connecting a power battery in the operating condition.

2.6. Data recording and storage

Archive capacity, minimum:	
Hours for archive records:	1480 h
Days for archive records:	1130 days
Months for archive records:	36 months
Archive data storage time:	at least 36 months
Time of storage of all measured integral data, also with	hout power supply to the electronic unit: at least 15

years

2.7. External communication interfaces

Optical interface (always included, irrespective of the order)

Ordered interface (to be specified when ordering the meter; both options can be selected):





Mbus interface RF 868MHz interface

Additional interface (depending on the order; only one option from the list is possible):

M-Bus interface CL (current loop) interface MODBUS RS485 interface MiniBus interface

The interfaces are intended for data reading and meter parametrisation. When the meter is configured for being powered only from the internal battery, the time of communication through the additional interfaces is automatically limited to save the battery -16 hour per month on an average. Unused communication limit is summed up. If the limit is used out, the interface is locked, and the summing-up of a new limit will start only after the change of the hour (80 seconds each hour).

For wired interfaces, a permanently connected 1.5 m length cable is included in the meter.

The optical interface is integrated in the front panel of the electronic unit and is intended for data reading in Mbus protocol, meter parametrisation, and output of optical pulses in the test mode. It is activated by pressing the button (5 minutes after the end of communication or is automatically disabled after pressing the button).

2.8. Pulse outputs Number of pulse outputs: Class: Type: Permissible current: Voltage:

2 or no (to be specified when ordering) OB – in the operating mode OD – in the test mode open collector up to 20 mA up to 24 V 125 ms – in the operating mode 1.2 ms – in the test mode

Pulse value in the operating mode:

Pulse duration:

– When the output is configured for energy, the value of its pulses can be selected from the list (depending on the rated flow qp and energy measurement units):

Permanent flow rate, qp, m3/h	0.6 - 6	10 – 60
Energy pulse value, when units are "kWh" or "MWh"	0.001; 0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 MWh/imp	0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 MWh/imp
Energy pulse value, when units are "GJ"	0.001; 0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 GJ/imp	0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 GJ/imp
Energy pulse value, when units are "Gcal"	0.001; 0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 Gcal/imp	0.01; 0.1; 1; 10 Gcal/imp

- When the output is configured for water quantity, the value of its pulses can be selected from the list (depending on the permanent flow qp):

Permament flow rate, qp, m3/h	0.6 - 6	10 - 60
Water volume pulse value, m3/imp	0.001; 0.01; 0.1; 1; 10	0.01, 0.1, 1; 10

- if the meter is ordered with the pulse input-output device, then a permanently connected 1.5 m length cable is fitted in the meter for connecting the inputs-outputs.

2.9. Meter power supply

(one of the options, depending on the meter configuration):

- one or two internal AA-size 3.6 V lithium (Li-SOCl₂) batteries with a service life of at least 15+1 years,
- or an external 12–42 V DC or 12–36 V 50/60 Hz AC voltage; consumption current not more than 20 mA,
- or an external 230 V +10% -15% 50/60 Hz AC voltage; consumption current not more than 5 mA.

8 di 26

2.10. Overall dimensions:

electronic unit: flow sensors:

maximum 115 mm x 30 mm x 90 mm, according to Annex B

Weight of the meter:

Connection type (and length) of the flow	Weight of the meter, maximum, kg
sensor	
G3/4"(110 mm)	0.7
G3/4"(165 mm)	0.8
G1"(110 mm)	0.7
G1"(130 mm)	0.8
G1"(190 mm)	0.9
DN20 (190 mm)	2.5
G1 ¼ "	3.2
G1 1/2"	3.3
DN25	5.6
DN32	6.0
G2"	3.7
DN40	6.8
DN50	8.5
DN65	13
DN80	15
DN100	18

2.11. Operation conditions

Electronic unit protection class: Flow sensor protection class: Temperature sensors protection class;

Operating conditions:

- ambient temperature
- relative humidity
- atmospheric pressure

Mechanical environment class: Electromagnetic environment class: IP65 (IP67 or IP68, custom-made) IP65 (IP67 or IP68, custom-made) IP68

5 °C to 55 °C; up to 93 %, 86 kPa to 106.7 kPa M1 E2.





6.4. Installation

Mounting of the calculator

The electronic unit (calculator) of the meter is mounted in a heated room. The temperature of the working environment should not be higher than 55 °C. It may not be exposed to direct sunlight.

No special requirements are established for the free space around the meter. It is important that nearby installations or structures do not rest against the housing of the meter, do not hinder the laying of cables and reading of data on the display. The meter should be installed at a safe distance from other devices emitting heat or strong electromagnetic field (in order to prevent the disturbance of its working environment conditions).

The electronic unit is mounted on an auxiliary holder (it can be oriented in the required direction at an angle of each 90 °:



The possible ways of the mounting of the electronic unit (auxiliary holder):

Direct mounting on the housing of the flow sensor, by turning each 90° (only when the flow temperature does not exceed 90 °C):





- On a wall:





- In the electrical equipment cabinet, on a standard DIN rail:



! **Important:** It is prohibited to attach the electronic unit directly on the wall because there is a risk that moisture may condense on the walls of the room or the temperature of the surface of the wall may drop below 5 °C. In this case, it is recommended to mount the electronic unit so that to provide for an air space of at least 5 cm between the unit and the wall surface.

Mounting of flow sensors

The installation and overall dimensions of the primary flow sensors are provided in Annex B.

When installing in a pipeline, the following lengths of straight sections are required for sensors connected by flanges DN65, DN80, and DN100: upstream the sensor – at least 5DN; downstream the sensor – at least 3DN. No straight sections are required for flow sensors of other connection types either upstream or downstream the meter.

It is recommended to install flow sensors in pipelines as far as possible from pumps, partitions, and elbows. Flow sensors may be installed horizontally, vertically, or in a slope. Mandatory condition: in the operating mode, the pipe must have a pressure of not less than 30 kPa and the pipe must be fully filled with water. In respect of the longitudinal axis of the pipe, flow sensors with the connection type G3/4, G1, or DN20 may be

mounted at any angle (Fig. 5.1 a); flow sensors of other connection types can be mounted in the positions specified in Fig. 5.1b (it is not allowed when the flow sensor cover is oriented in a vertical position).



a) With connection type G3/4, G1, or DN20 b) for other connection options Fig. 5.1 Allowed installation positions of the flow sensor

The flow direction and the direction of the arrow on the flow sensor must coincide.

The flow sensor can be installed either on the supply or return line, depending on the indication on the label of the meter.

Prior to installing the sensor, the pipeline of the heating system must be flushed at the place of the installation of the sensor.

In order to avoid stresses in the pipelines, the distance between the flanges at the flow sensor installation place shall correspond to the total length of the sensor with regard to the thickness of gaskets.

It is recommended to select the flow sensor installation place as far as possible from potential sources of vibration (for example, pumps).

When installing the sensors, attention should be paid to the gaskets in order to ensure that they do not protrude inward the pipeline.

It is prohibited to lay the wires of the flow sensor near (closer than 5 cm from) power cables or cables of other devices.





Installation of temperature sensors

Temperature sensors are installed with their placement heads upward, perpendicularly to the pipe axis or at an angle of 45° to the fluid flow direction so that the sensing element is immersed in the medium being measured at least to the pipe centreline (see in the figures in Annex C). When the meter is fitted with flow sensors with flanges G3/4", G1", and G1 1/4 ", one temperature sensor is installed in the housing of the flow sensor.

It is prohibited to lay the wires of the temperature sensors near (closer than 5 cm from) power cables or cables of other devices.

Check of installation and parameter setting

If the meter (calculator, flow and temperature sensors) is installed correctly, when there is flow, the display of the meter should represent the flow and temperature readings. In case the readings of the measured channels are not displayed, the installation of electrical circuits must be checked.

The values of energy and volume test pulses (through the optical interface and at pulse outputs), depending on the permanent flow rate value, are presented in Table 6.2.

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Permanent flow	Volume pulse value, l/pulse	Energy pulse value, when energy measurement units are selected as:		
value, qp, m³/h		kWh, MWh	GJ	Gcal
0.6	0.002	0.1 Wh/pulse	0.5 kJ/pulse	0.1 kcal/pulse
1.0	0.002	0.2 Wh/pulse	1 kJ/pulse	0.2 kcal/pulse
1.5	0.004	0.2 Wh/pulse	1 kJ/pulse	0.2 kcal/pulse
2.5	0.005	0.5 Wh/pulse	2 kJ/pulse	0.5 kcal/pulse
3.5	0.02	1 Wh/pulse	5 kJ/pulse	1 kcal/pulse
6.0	0.02	1 Wh/pulse	5 kJ/pulse	1 kcal/pulse
10.0	0.05	2 Wh/pulse	10 kJ/pulse	2 kcal/pulse
15.0	0.05	5 Wh/pulse	20 kJ/pulse	5 kcal/pulse
25	0.05	5 Wh/pulse	20 kJ/pulse	5 kcal/pulse
40	0.2	10 Wh/pulse	50 kJ/pulse	10 kcal/pulse
60	0.2	10 Wh/pulse	50 kJ/pulse	10 kcal/pulse

3 TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

The packaged meters can be transported by any covered vehicles. During transportation, the meters must be reliably secured in order to prevent shocks or risk of movement inside the vehicle.

Protect the meters against mechanical damage and shocks.

The rooms where the meters are kept must be free from aggressive, corrosive materials.

Transportation and storage conditions:

- temperature: -25 - +35 C

– humidity: max. 60%.



Fig. A1. Meter connection diagram

The manufacturer guarantees only English text available on our web site www.isoil.com



Annex A (continued)

Table A1 Destination and marking of the extra cables of the heat meter

Destination of the cable	Marking of the cable***	Destination of the wire	Colour of the wire
Mbus 1 interface	MBUS1	Line	brown
		Line	white
Mbus 2 interface	MBUS2	Line	brown
		Line	white
Mbus interfaces (two) *	MBUS	Mbus1 Line	brown
		Mbus1 Line	white
		Mbus2 Line	yellow
		Mbus2 Line	green
1st pulse input/output	PULS1	Pulses (+)	brown
		Common (-)	white
2nd pulse input/output	PULS2	Pulses (+)	brown
		Common (-)	white
Pulse inputs/outputs (two) *	PULS	Pulses1 (+)	yellow
		Common1 (-)	green
		Pulses2 (+)	brown
		Common2 (-)	white
MODBUS interface	MODBUS	Line A	brown
		Line B	white
		24 V AC/DC**	yellow
		24 V AC/DC**	green
CL interface	CL	CL+	brown
		CL-	white
MiniBus interface	MINIBUS	Line+	brown
		Line-	white
For external power supply from 230V AC mains	230V AC	230V L	brown
		230V N	white
For external power supply from 24V AC/DC	24 V AC/DC	24 V AC/DC	brown
source		24 V AC/DC	white

*The option for the case when two extra cables are included at a time.

**To be used when the meter is powered from an external power supply source.

***When a second extra cable is not included, the MBUS1 cable is not marked additionally.

Annex B

B1. The overall dimensions of calculator of heat meter IFX-M4-E3



B2. Sizes and dimensions of heat meter IFX-M4-E3



Fig. B2.1 Flow sensor q_p = 0.6/1.0/1.5 m³/h Length L=110 mm (L=165 mm); connection type: thread G3/4"

Fig. B2.2 Flow sensor q_p = 2.5/1.5 m³/h Length L=130 mm; connection type: thread G1"







Fig. B2.3 Flow sensor q_p = 0.6/1.0/1.5/2.5 m³/h; L=190 mm a) connection type: thread G1^{*}; b) connection type: flanges DN20





b)



c) Fig. B2.4 Flow sensor q_p= 3.5/6.0 m³/h; L=260 mm a) connection type: thread G11/4" (G1 1/2"); b) connection type: flanges DN25; c) connection type: flanges DN32















b)

Fig. B2.5 Flow sensor q_p = 10.0 m³/h; L=300 mm a) connection type: thread G2"; b) connection type: flanges DN40







Fig. B2.7 Flow sensor q_p = 25 m³/h; L=300 mm; connection type: flanges DN65



Fig. B2.8 Flow sensor q_p = 40 m³/h; L=300 mm and L=350 mm; connection type: flanges DN80



Fig. B2.9 Flow sensor q_p = 60 m³/h; L=350 mm and L=360 mm; connection type: flanges DN100





B3. Overall dimensions of temperature sensors



Fig. B3.1 Overall dimensions of the DS type temperature sensor







Nominal pipe diameter, mm	Total length of pocket L, mm
DN20DN100	100
DN125DN150	135
DN200	225

a) Dimensions of the PL type temperature sensor protective pocket





Nominal pipe diameter, mm	L, mm
DN20	79.3
DN25	69
DN32, DN40	59
DN50	49

Nominal pipe diameter, mm	L, mm
DN65, DN80, DN125, DN150	32
DN100	18
DN200	90

when pipe DN < 65 mm

b) Dimensions of the fastening bushing of the PL type temperature sensor protective pocket

Fig. B3.3 The dimensions of the fastening bushing of the PL type temperature sensor protective pocket

Annex C



Fig. C1 The sealing diagram of calculator (at the back side of the box): It shall be sealed additionally only if the breakable partitions are damaged (1 – the supplier's seal is attached after installation; 2 – verification seal stickers are attached)





when pipe $DN \ge 65 \text{ mm}$





c) Flow sensor $qp = 10.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ sealing

d) Flow sensor qp = 15.0 m³/h sealing

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Fig. C2. The sealing diagram of flow sensors (1 - the manufacturer's warranty seal sticker is attached)

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Annex C (end)



a) turned to an angle of 45°

b) perpendicular

a) Installation of the PL type temperature sensor in the pipeline and its sealing diagram.



1 - temperature sensor; 2 - measuring element; 3 - sensor centreline; 4 - pipe; 5 - mounting seal

b) Installation of the DS type temperature sensor in the pipeline and its sealing diagram.

Fig. C3. The diagrams of the installation of temperature sensors in the pipeline and their sealing

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY

The manufacturing plant warrants the compliance of the parameters of the meter with the technical requirements specified in Section 2 of this document provided that the user observes the transportation, storage, and operation conditions.

The warranty time is 12 months from the start of the operation but not later than 18 months from the day of manufacture.





DoC Declaration of Conformity

	FU D	eclaration of Confo	mity (DoC)
We/Noi			
Company name/A Postal address/Ind Postcode and City Telephone number E-Mail address:	irizzo: /CAP e città:	ISOIL Industria spa via f.lli Gracchi, 27 20092 Cinisello Balsamo (MI) - Italy +39-02-660271 <u>sales@isoil.it</u>	
declare that the D presente dichiaraz	oC is issued unde ione di conformi	er our sole responsibility and belongs to tà è emessa sotto la nostra responsabil	
Product lines:		ISOFLUX™	
Object of the decl	aration/Oggetto	o della dichiarazione:	
Isoflux product line Linea Isoflux, conta			
		IFX-M4-E3	
The object of the o L'oggetto della di	declaration descri chiarazione sopra	bed above is in conformity with the relev a descritto è conforme alle seguenti dire	ant Union harmonisation legislation/ ttive europee:
r	Directive 2014/32/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the member states relating to the making available on the market of measuring instruments Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility Directive 2014/35/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility		
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N li 2014/53/EU E	lember States relatir mits Directive 2014/53/EU	ig to the making available on the market of elect	rical equipment designed for use within certain voltage of 16 april 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the
		rds and technical specifications have b Idicate direttive europee:	peen applied
I-ST EN 1434 (2007 WELMEC 7.2			
I-ST EN 61000-4-2	Electromagnet		asurement techniques .Electrostatic discharge immuni
LST EN 61000-4-3			easurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency,
I-ST EN 61000-4-4	 electromagnetic field immunity test Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test 		
LST EN 61000-4-5			
LST EN 61000-4-6	disturbances, ir	nduced by radio-frequency fields	d measurement techniques - Immunity to conducte
LST EN 61000-4-8	immunity test		
LST EN 61000-4-11	and voltage variations immunity tests		
I-ST EN 55022		chnology equipment - Radio disturbance characte	
LST EN 61010-1 EN 300 220-2	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use Part 1: General requirements Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM), Short Range Devices (SRD),		
V2.4.1 :2012	Radio equipme	nt to be used in the 25 MHz to 1 000 MHz freque	i), Short Range Devices (SRD), ency range with power levels ranging up to 500 mW,
Notified body/(Notificato:	Organismo	Notified body number/Numero Organismo Notificato:	Notified body certificate reference number/Certificato emesso dall'Qrganismo Notificato:
LEI Lietuvos Ener Institutas	getikos	1621	LEI-12-MP-087.19
Signed for and o	n behalf of/Fir	mato in nome e per conto di:	Stalls S
20-06-2019			
_00			Dr. R.⁄Guazzoni (Legal representative)



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